

GEI Press Kit



Table of Contents

GEI Press Kit	1
Working with GEI – Potential Media Opportunities	1
About GEI	2
Logos and Accepted Names	2
Introduction to GEI Program Areas & Initiatives	3
Energy and Climate Change Program	3
(能源与气候变化项目).....	3
Ecological Conservation and Community Development Program	3
(生态保护与社区发展项目).....	3
Overseas Investment, Trade and the Environment Program.....	4
(海外投资, 贸易与环境项目).....	4
Experts for Interview	5
Available Research and Reports	5
Annex Items	6

Working with GEI – Potential Media Opportunities

- Interview or expert quote
- Focus piece on program or project (written article, audio interview or video interview all possible)
- Opinion piece, editorial or expert insight article
- Research partnership or collaboration

About GEI

Global Environmental Institute (GEI; 中文: 全球环境研究所) conducts research, develops tools, and provides support for China's, and nearby countries', sustainable development.

Since 2004, GEI has operated as a premier Chinese non-governmental, non-profit, environmental NGO dedicated to manifesting a China that achieves economic development through world-class environmental and social policies.

We conduct our work via the GEI method: we implement market-based models by executing three key steps, research, pilot projects, and policy recommendations. Our team has expertise in the most pivotal fields of development, including renewable energy, climate change, community development, ecological conservation, and sustainable overseas investment.

The GEI method is currently present in projects operating across 25 of China's provinces and 10 of China's closest international partners including Democratic Republic of Congo, Myanmar, Sri Lanka and the United States. In these areas, we have effectively lowered carbon emissions; protected thousands of hectares of land; worked with officials and experts; improved international environmental negotiations; and brightened the livelihoods of villagers for the long-term.

As China continues to domestically progress and expand its international reach, GEI remains committed to the belief that environmental solutions must also address social and economic concerns.

Logos and Accepted Names

To request use of the GEI logo, please contact External Relations Coordinator, Kendall Bitonte, via kendall@geichina.org

Full name: Global Environmental Institute

Acronym: GEI

Brief description: Chinese, environmental NGO

Introduction to GEI Program Areas & Initiatives

Energy and Climate Change Program (能源与气候变化项目)

Economic reform and rapid growth have made China a premier international market and one of the world's top contributors to greenhouse gas emissions. Moving forward, China must incorporate economic development with environmental protection in order to achieve a sustainable future.

Since GEI's founding in 2004, our Energy and Climate Change Program has worked closely with the government and research institutions, as well as international experts, to innovate solutions for China's low-carbon development path.

Our 3 Areas of Work:

1. Facilitate High-Level, Bilateral and Multilateral Climate Dialogues and Cooperation
2. Promote Subnational Low-Carbon Policymaking: GEI and US-based think tank, Center for Climate Strategies, developed and disseminate a low-carbon policy and quantitative analysis toolkit in China.
3. Renewable Energy Development: We promoted biomass cook stoves, biogas technology and renewable energy tools in rural areas of Tibet, Sri Lanka, Shanxi Province and Myanmar.

Program Staff: YU Qinchan (manager); Dr. XU Shengnian, CUI Nanying, and YAN Xinran

Ecological Conservation and Community Development Program (生态保护与社区发展项目)

Throughout China's western region and abroad, our team devises bottom-up solutions that have already involved more than 50,000 local people to protect 31,500 hectares of land while also improving their quality of life.

Our Method: Through research, pilot projects and policy advocacy, we are diligently creating opportunities to improve and scale our Community Conservation Concession Agreement (CCCA) model. We also are exploring best practices for providing recommendations to government ecological

protection and economic development decision-makers and are developing an economic design that incorporates environmental valuation.

Since 2005, we have designed and implemented the Community Conservation Concession Agreement (CCCA), working alongside key decision-makers and developing on-the-ground partnerships. This model has been adopted by many communities in Ningxia, Qinghai, and Inner Mongolia, and internationally, in Myanmar, to strengthen resource management and enhance economic opportunity.

Program Staff: Dr. KUI Peng (manager); CHEN Yunzhu, KONG Linghong, and LI Mengyao.

Overseas Investment, Trade and the Environment Program (海外投资, 贸易与环境项目)

With the proclamation of a “Go Out” economic policy in 2001 and the One Belt, One Road initiative, China has emerged as a global leader in overseas foreign direct investment (OFDI).

Recognizing that China’s outward economic outlook entails environmental and social risks, GEI works alongside key policymakers and international partners to enhance greater understanding around these issues and develop solutions in China and in China’s biggest investment zones: the Belt and Road, Greater Mekong Subregion and Africa.

With quantitative and evidence-based research, technical expertise, and on-the-ground partnerships, we work to: encourage the adoption of environmental and social principles into China’s overseas trade and investment activities; and promote bilateral and multilateral exchange and dialogue on green investment and finance.

Our work follows a four-part methodology:

1. Research: Improve Chinese regulations on overseas investment and financial institutions;
2. Policy Advocacy: Promote environmental policy toolkits for enterprises that enhance resource management;
3. Bilateral Platform: Build mechanisms for enterprise, government and NGO collaboration;
4. Capacity Building: Strengthen capacity for responsible and green investment by Chinese firms overseas.

Program Staff: REN Peng (manager); CHOU Linda, MA Qianru and ZHANG Jingwei

Experts for Interview

GEI experts are available for interview in Chinese and English. Their biographies can be found on www.geichina.org.

Areas of Expertise: Climate change, China's Climate Leadership, Renewable Energy, Endangered Species, Belt & Road Initiative, Sino-Burmese Relations, NGOs in China, Conservation, Tibetan Plateau, Sino-Africa trade, forest governance and wildlife trafficking.

Due to our team's active travel schedule, please contact External Relations Coordinator, Kendall Bitonte (kendall@geichina.org, wechat: KMBitonte) directly to be connected to an expert suitable to your interview topic.

Available Research and Reports

Global Environmental Institute publications are available on-line for free download thanks to the generosity of our donors and partners. All reports can be found in full on www.geichina.org. Any specific questions can be directed to the report authors or External Relations Coordinator, Kendall Bitonte, via kendall@geichina.org.

GEI is eager to share our work with the public and ask that all information be represented actually and along the authors intent. We are always seeking report and research collaboration. Please contact us with potential opportunities.

- Going Global Series
 - China's Involvement in Coal-Fired Power Projects Along the Belt and Road, 2017
 - Chinese NGOs Going Global: Current Situation, Challenges and Policy Recommendations, 2016
 - Cambodian FDI Policy and Management System: Analysis of Chinese Investments in Cambodia, 2016
 - Vietnamese FDI Policy and Management System: Analysis of Chinese Investments and Contracting in Vietnam, 2016

- Chinese Investments in Myanmar: A Scoping Study, 2016
 - Series of China’s “Going Global” –Lao Policy and Management on FDI and Chinese Hydropower, Mining, Agricultural Investments in Laos, 2014
 - Series of China’s “Going Global”–Understanding China’s Overseas Investments Governance and Analysis of Environmental & Social Policies
 - Environmental and Social Challenges of China’s Going Global (English), 2013
 - Going Global – The Environment and Social Challenges of China’s Investment, Trade and Aid Abroad (Chinese), 2013
 - Environmental Policies on China’s Investment Overseas (English), 2011
 - Environmental Policies on China’s Investment Overseas (Chinese), 2010
 - China – Africa Forest Governance Series
 - China Africa Investment Treaties, 2017 (IIED)
 - Timber flow study: export/import discrepancy analysis – China vs. Mozambique, Cameroon, Uganda and DRC, 2015
-

Annex Items

- Annual Report
- Program Descriptions (3)
- GEI’s Policy Influence



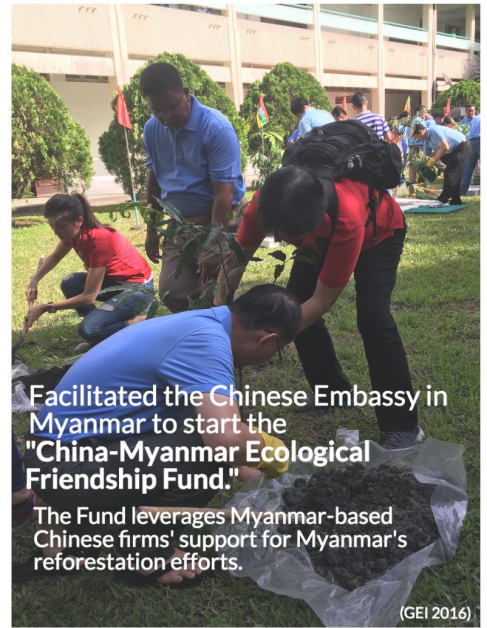
Established **2** sub-granting platforms.



to support Chinese institutions conducting community development projects & innovative environmental solutions

Scoped a new **Citizen Science Project** in Qinghai Province.

The project involves communities in data collection, improving research on the environmental impacts of climate change.



Facilitated the Chinese Embassy in Myanmar to start the "China-Myanmar Ecological Friendship Fund."

The Fund leverages Myanmar-based Chinese firms' support for Myanmar's reforestation efforts.

(GEI 2016)



Empowered **2,000** people to monitor the quality of **6** rivers in Sanjiangyuan.

(GEI 2016)

Published **6** reports



Trained and supported journalists to report on China-Africa forest governance.



Expanded GEI-CCS Low-Carbon Policy Development Toolkit:

- 2** New Aspects: climate adaptation & renewable energy expansion
- 3** Provinces & Regions: Gansu, Ningxia & Hunan
- 7** Sector software certifications

180 Newly trained local officials & experts



(GEI 2016)



Graduated from the U.S.-China EcoPartnership Program.

Our 5-year project partner was US-based Center for Climate Strategies (CCS). (GEI 2016)



Improved communication skills of Chinese NGOs.

(GEI 2016)

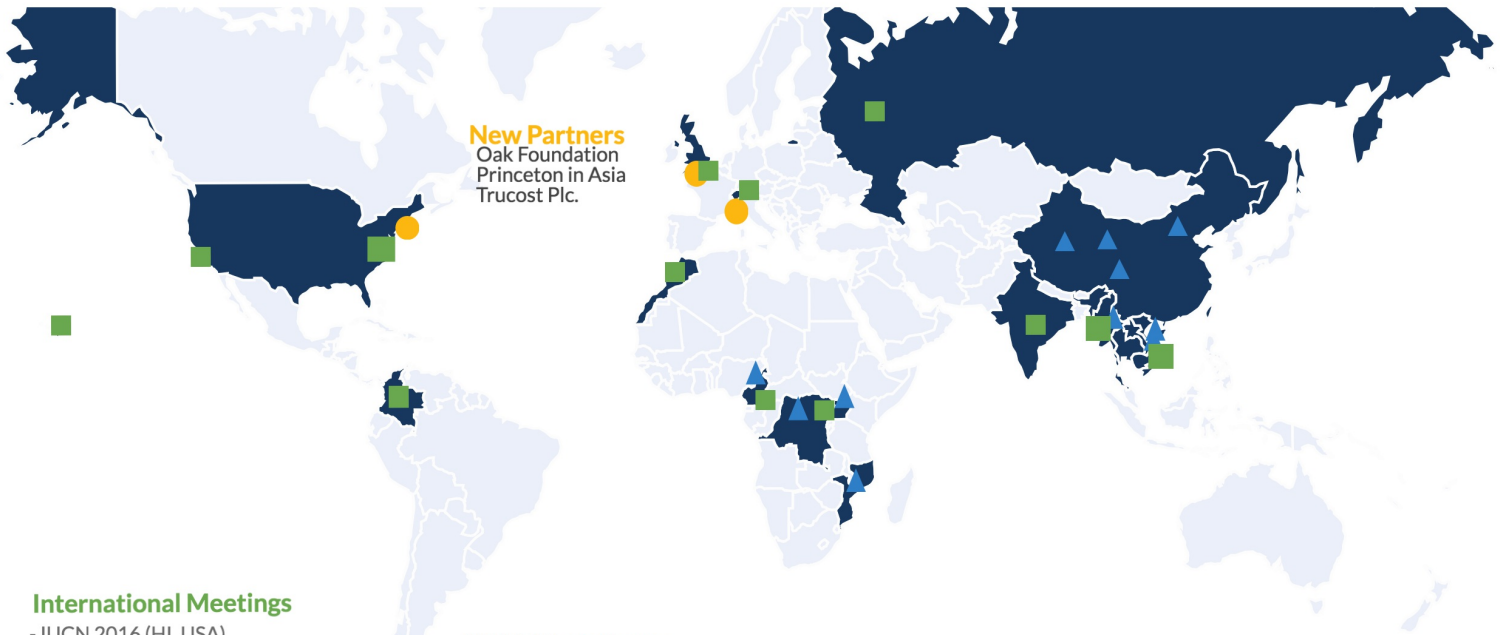
Advised policymakers about **Green Finance** at the C20 Summit.

GEI with 8 NGOs jointly drafted recommendations that were incorporated into the C20 Communique and submitted to 2016 G20 in Hangzhou, China.

Grew Ningxia's Yunwushan Nature Reserve total protected area to **7,000** acres.



(GEI 2016)



New Partners
Oak Foundation
Princeton
Trucost Plc.

International Meetings

- IUCN 2016 (HI, USA)
- Green Supply Chain (CA, USA)
- World Bank Annual Conference on Land and Poverty (DC, USA)
- COP22 (MAR)
- Civil Society Information Exchange (COL)
- Arcus Foundation Meeting (GBR)
- Connective Cities Dialogue (THA)
- Aarhus Convention (CHE)
- Journalist Training (CMR, COD)
- NGO Capacity Building (MMR)
- BRI & Information Disclosure (RUS)
- Civil society in BRICS countries (IND)

2016 Work Scope

- CHINA**
- China-US Climate Cooperation
 - Low-carbon policy development
 - Renewable energy for community development
 - Community-based water-quality monitoring
 - Ecosystem conservation & services-based development
 - Green finance and investment in policy banks
 - Chinese NGO's role in Going-Out projects
 - NGO storytelling capacity

- ASIA (MMR, VNM, LAO, KHM)**
- Developing bamboo sector and forest conservation
 - Chinese-Myanmar Forest collaboration and combatting illegal timber trade
 - Building Chinese investors' capacity for sustainability

- AFRICA (CMR, MOZ, COD, UGA)**
- Improving Forest Resource Governance and bilateral exchange
 - China-Africa journalist experience & skills exchange

Message from the Executive Director

2016 was a year of growth for GEI: we intensified and adapted current programs areas, expanded our expertise and started many new initiatives, including ivory trade and China's overseas coal divestment.

Drawing from our experiences with the China-Africa Forest Governance Learning Platform, we will explore initiating regional multi-stakeholder platforms to foster cooperation in South and Southeast Asia in 2017. We will also continue diversifying our funding sources, such as reaching out to domestic foundations and enterprises. We have also made small steps to begin our own crowdfunding work, having raised over 30,000 RMB so far.

We look forward to the year to come and are grateful for your support!

-- Jiaman Jin
Executive Director, GEI

2016 Financial Report

NB: All confirmed financial data including a breakdown of funding by program and by location of foundation and donors will be released in mid 2017.

Balance Sheet

January 1, 2016 - December 31, 2016 (unit: RMB)

Assets	Beginning of Year 1/1/2016	End of Year 12/31/16
Liquid Assets	5,983,028.51	21,818,616.49
Fixed Assets	94,531.04	195,955.73
Total Assets	6,077,559.55	22,014,572.22
Liabilities	Beginning of Year	End of Year
Liquid Liabilities	2,449,828.39	15,566,690.98
Long-Term Liabilities	0.00	0.00
Total Liabilities	2,449,828.39	15,566,690.98
Net Assets	Beginning of Year	End of Year
Unrestricted	3,627,731.16	6,447,881.24
Restricted Assets	0.00	0.00
Total Net Assets	3,627,731.16	6,447,881.24
Total Liabilities & Net Assets	6,077,559.55	22,014,572.22

Business Activities

January 1, 2016 - December 31, 2016 (unit: RMB)

Income	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total
Donations	8,329,389.96	0.00	8,329,389.96
Services	494,000.00	0.00	494,000.00
Investment Returns	2,741,296.51	0.00	2,741,296.51
Other	85,652.86	0.00	85,652.86
Total	11,650,339.33	0.00	11,650,339.33
Expenditures	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total
Operating Costs	8,835,445.85	0.00	8,835,445.85
Fundraising Costs	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Expenses	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	8,835,445.85	0.00	8,835,445.85
Change in Net Assets	2,814,893.48	0.00	2,814,893.48



全球环境研究所

能源与气候变化项目

Global Environmental Institute

Energy and Climate Change Program

引导中国和世界走向低碳未来 | Leading China and the World to a Low-Carbon Future

随着改革开放的不断深入，中国取得了举世瞩目的成果。但是，随着经济的不断发展，中国不可避免地成为了世界上主要温室气体贡献国之一。目前，中国正面临着保持经济稳定发展和保护环境的双重考验。

Economic reform and rapid growth have made China a premier international market and one of the world's top contributors to greenhouse gas emissions. Moving forward, China must incorporate economic development with environmental protection in order to achieve a sustainable future.

中国的双重挑战 China's 2-Sided Challenge



项目的三个发展和方向 Our 3 Areas of Work

1 促进双边和多边气候高层对话与合作 Facilitate High-Level, Bilateral and Multilateral Climate Dialogues and Cooperation



非正式对话活动推动了2014年《中美气候变化联合声明》和2015年的巴黎气候变化协议(COP21)的签订。

The China-US Track II Dialogues led to the signing of the 2014 US-China Joint Announcement on Climate Change and the 2015 Climate Change Agreement (COP21) in Paris.

2 低碳政策量化分析工具 Promote Subnational Low-Carbon Policymaking



GEI 牵手中美低碳政策研究机构，研发了“低碳政策量化分析工具包。”(更多信息请翻页)

GEI and US-based think tank, Center for Climate Strategies, developed and disseminate a low-carbon policy and quantitative analysis toolkit in China. (More information on the back!)

3 可再生能源推广与发展 Renewable Energy Development



GEI 在包括中国的西藏和山西省，以及斯里兰卡和缅甸的农村地区推广生物质清洁炉灶、沼气和可再生能源技术。

We promote biomass cookstoves, biogas technology and renewable energy tools in rural areas of Tibet, Shanxi Province, Sri Lanka and Myanmar.

全球环境研究所

能源与气候变化项目

Global Environmental Institute

Energy and Climate Change Program

了解我们的“低碳政策量化分析工具”

About our Low-Carbon Development Toolkit

共有 **15** 个省市
provinces & municipalities



1000 多名政府官员
government officials



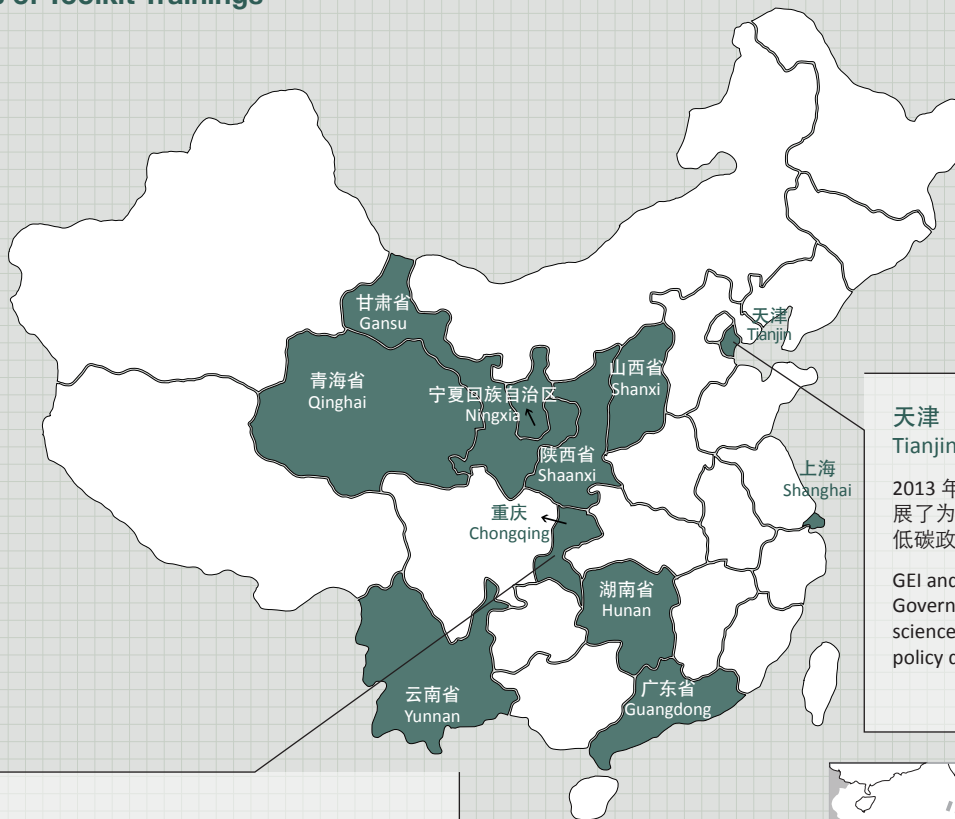
和

300 多名专家学者
technical experts



“低碳政策量化分析工具”培训的地方

Locations of Toolkit Trainings



天津
Tianjin

2013年 GEI 和天津市行政学院合作开展了为各级地方政府官员量身打造的低碳政策量化分析课程。

GEI and the Tianjin Academy of Governance began jointly carrying out science-based courses for low-carbon policy development in 2013.

重庆
Chongqing

2014年完成重庆市的试点项目并受到了国家发改委和重庆市发改委颁布的“应用成果证明”。

In 2014, we completed the pilot project in Chongqing, and received a certificate of completion from the National Development and Reform Commission.

已签署合作 MOU 及 / 或开展工具培训的省市

Areas with signed MOUs and/or Toolkit Trainings

全球环境研究所

生态保护与社区发展项目

Global Environmental Institute

Ecosystem Conservation and Community Development Program

生态保护与经济发展可以携手共进

Environmental Conservation and Economic Development Can - and Should - Work Together

从被称为“第三极”的青藏高原到生物多样性丰富的东南亚，我们的社区协议保护地已经超过 31500 公顷，我们帮助了 50000 多人在参与保护的同时发展可持续生计，实现环境与经济的协同发展。

Throughout China's western region and abroad, our team devises bottom-up solutions that have already involved more than 50,000 local people to protect 31,500 hectares of land while also improving their quality of life.



通过 GEI 保护与发展基金支持建立的合作社，帮助青海当地牧民在参与生态保护的同时，拓展社区生计途径，提高收入。(GEI 2016 年)

The traditional handicraft cooperative in Qinghai involves the locals in conservation efforts and develops their local economy, all in all improving their livelihood; GEI's Nuo Wang (lower left) and Kui Peng (third from lower left). GEI 2016

我们的方法

我们采用自下而上与自上而下相结合的解决方案，在推动当地社区参与保护工作的同时，为他们提供生计发展培训及对接市场，帮助社区提高自身资源可持续管理的能力，发展生态服务型经济，并探索最佳实践方案，为政府的生态保护与经济发展决策提供参考建议。

Our Method

Through research, pilot projects and policy advocacy, we are diligently creating opportunities to improve and scale our Community Conservation Concession Agreement (CCCA) model. Our team explores best practices for providing recommendations to government ecological protection and economic development decision-makers and are developing an economic design that incorporates environmental valuation.

"或许我们可以找出生态保护和当地社区协同发展的可持续之路。"

We thought, 'Maybe we can find a sustainable way for the nature reserve and the local community to co-exist.'

自 2005 年从秘鲁引入协议保护机制起，我们始终致力于探索以社区为主导的“社区协议保护”机制在中国西部地区的运用，并将通过与更多当地的环保机构和社区组织合作，进一步推广和扩大“社区协议保护”机制，发展生态服务型经济网络，并探索适合于东南亚各国的“社区协议保护”机制，消弭当地保护与发展的冲突。

Since 2005, we have designed and implemented the Community Conservation Concession Agreement (CCCA), working alongside key decision-makers and developing on-the-ground partnerships. This model has been adopted by many communities in Ningxia, Qinghai, and Inner Mongolia, and internationally, in Myanmar, to strengthen resource management and enhance economic opportunity.

全球环境研究所

生态保护与社区发展项目

Global Environmental Institute

Ecosystem Conservation and Community Development Program

内蒙古自治区 Inner Mongolia

自 2011 年起，开始在内蒙古乌力吉图嘎查开展草原沙化治理试点项目，截至 2015 年底共治理沙地约 1700 亩，不仅带动了全村牧户利用牧草原科学治理沙化草原，还吸引了政府近 50 万元的治沙投资，草原生态明显改善。

To reduce desertification and offer animals a more sustainable food supply, GEI introduced special foraging grasses, as well as new grassland protection methods, to the Wulijitu Gacha region in 2011 and by 2015, we had implemented sand control measures across 113 hectares. Not only did local herders learn and implement grassland science but the project also attracted 500,000 RMB in funding from the government.



四川省 Sichuan Province

早在 2006 年，GEI 便在大熊猫发现地—四川宝兴开展协议保护项目。项目使 7000 多公顷林地和大熊猫栖息地得到直接保护，涵养水源 300 多万立方米。通过支持当地居民开展养蜂等可持续生计活动，以及建立“保护与发展基金”支持社区发展，当地居民收入极大增加。2014 年，全国人大常委会副委员长，民进中央主席严隽琪专程前往宝兴视察该项目。

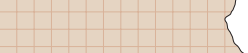
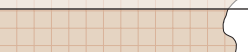
The protection of over 7,000 hectares of woodlands & 300 million cubic meters of water are critical to the resource-dependent livelihoods of Baoxing County. Beginning in 2006, GEI helped residents carry out beekeeping and other income-generating activities, as well as established an environmental protection fund to keep this precious environment protected for generations.



宁夏回族自治区 Ningxia Hui Autonomous Region

自 2011 年起，通过社区基金的形式，GEI 建立协议保护地，支持牧民种植牧草和红梅杏，共保护 3500 多公顷草原，并帮助了 40 多户示范户开展种植提高收入。杏树在种植后 3 年结果，带来的纯收入可达每亩 2000 到 3000 元，5 年后纯收入可达 1000 到 20000 元。

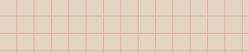
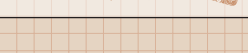
35 households participate in protecting more than 2,850 hectares of grassland inside the Yunwushan Nature Reserve. Through government subsidies in our community development fund, the herders grow and harvest regional plants for an improved environment and livelihood, with their income doubling over the past five years.



青海省，三江源 Qinghai Province, Sanjiangyuan

2013 年开始，GEI 在三江源地区建立社区基金，创新协议保护机制，扩大社区保护地范围，并支持社区发展负责生态旅游服务，培训牧民发展传统手工艺和开发生态友好型产品。至 2016 年，共有 11 个社区 200 多位牧民接受了培训，101 个示范户签订了《生态管护协议》，增加了超过 2 万公顷的社区保护地，并成立了 5 个生态经济发展合作社。社区发展基金已增长至 16 万人民币。

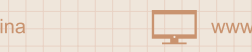
To protect Asia's vital bodies of water and foster local development, we designed and implemented an ecosystem services-based economic model in Qinghai. Our work is fostering eco-tourism, traditional craftsmanship, and water quality monitoring across 200 households in 12 communities. By 2016, our project included over 20,000 hectares of community-protected land and 5 development cooperatives. The community development fund had even grown to 160,000 RMB.



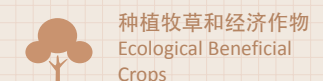
缅甸 Myanmar

2015 年起开展社区主导的清洁能源技术援助示范项目。我们向 Thanbayarkhon (TBK) 村捐赠了 193 台清洁炉灶、180 台太阳能照明灯和 1 个太阳能水泵，同时帮助社区开展经济林种植计划。项目得到了中国政府的肯定，以及气候变化南南合作基金 2000 万人民币的对缅甸资捐赠。2017 年我们将与 4 家缅甸 NGO 合作，在缅甸 4 个省 / 邦的 16 个社区开展社区协议保护机制的示范。

This community development project has carried out a forest planting initiative and provided clean energy technology: 193 biomass cook stoves, 180 solar lights, and 1 solar-powered water pump. GEI established a revolving fund to support the maintenance of the technology and micro-financing of other development projects. Upon its success, the project received 3.3 million USD from China's South-South Cooperation Fund on Climate Change. In 2017, we began cooperating with 4 Burmese NGOs to scale up this pilot model to reach 16 communities across 4 states/regions in Myanmar.



项目地图 Project Map





全球环境研究所

海外投资、贸易与环境项目

Global Environmental Institute

Overseas Investment, Trade and the Environment Program

增强中国在全球可持续发展议题中的角色 | Supporting China's Role in Sustainable Investment and Trade

自 2001 年“走出去”战略以及 2015 年的“一带一路”倡议提出以来，中国已成为对外直接投资（OFDI）的全球领跑者。认识到中国的对外经济发展伴随着潜在的环境和社会风险，GEI 与国内主要决策者和国际伙伴一同合作，促进对这些问题的讨论与深入了解，并提出解决方案。

With the proclamation of a “Go Out” economic policy in 2001 and the “One Belt, One Road” initiative, China has emerged as a global leader in overseas foreign direct investment (OFDI). Recognizing that China’s outward economic outlook entails environmental and social risks, GEI works alongside key policymakers and international partners to enhance greater understanding around these issues and develop solutions.

我们的工作内容：

- 研究示范
- 双边合作
- 政策建议
- 能力建设

What We Do:

- Research and pilot
- Bilateral cooperation
- Policy advocacy
- Capacity building



GEI 的“走出去”系列报告 GEI's “Going Global” Report Series

出版物包括：
Selected titles include:



通过大量的循证研究、技术交流及与当地伙伴的合作，我们致力于达成两个目标：

1. 鼓励中国在对外投资贸易活动中引入环境和社会原则；
2. 促进关于绿色金融与可持续投资等领域的双边和多边交流对话。

With quantitative and evidence-based research, technical expertise, and on-the-ground partnerships, we work to:

1. Encourage the adoption of environmental and social principles into China’s overseas trade and investment activities;
2. Promote bilateral and multilateral exchange and dialogue on green finance and sustainable investment.



全球环境研究所

海外投资、贸易与环境项目

Global Environmental Institute

Overseas Investment, Trade and the Environment Program

中国 China

- 推动绿色金融和可持续投资领域相关的政策制定。
- 推动可持续木材交易合法性。
- 为中国海外投资企业提供相关风险管理培训。
- 研究并推动中国民间组织“走出去”开展海外项目。
- Advocate for green finance and sustainable projects by Chinese investment banks within China and along the One Belt One Road;
- Develop and improve sustainable timber trade and legality;
- Provide overseas risk mitigation and management training for Chinese enterprises;
- Research and advocate for Chinese NGOs to expand their work internationally.

巴基斯坦 Pakistan

- 研究中国在中国的煤炭投资情况及绿色投资潜力。
- Study China's coal divestment strategy.

斯里兰卡 Sri Lanka

- 调研中国政策性银行的环境和社会政策。
- 研究中国在中国的煤炭投资情况及绿色投资潜力。
- Promote green finance by researching the environmental and social frameworks of China's policy banks;
- Study China's coal divestment strategy.

缅甸 Myanmar

- 通过调研、提供政策建议及促成双边对话，遏制非法木材贸易。
- 通过帮助建立政府和企业的交流，促进中国在中国的绿色投资。
- 将可再生能源规划工具和方法介绍到缅甸，推动可再生能源在当地的发展。
- Curtail illegal timber trade by researching, submitting policy recommendations and facilitating high-level bilateral dialogues;
- Channel increased green investment through exchanges at both public and private sectors;
- Bring renewable energy planning tools to Myanmar.

大湄公河次区域 Lower Mekong Region

- 调查研究中国企业“走出去”的环境和社会行为，为政府、企业和民间组织提供建议。
- 协助中国海外投资企业改善环境和社会保障政策，制定开发项目周边社区的可持续发展计划。
- 建立区域性多利益相关方交流平台，推动环境社会保障政策、绿色投资和气候变化等信息交流与合作。
- Conduct research on Chinese enterprises "going global" and provide policy recommendations for governments, enterprises and NGOs;
- Help Chinese companies with environmental and social safeguard policies and community development plans;
- Build multi-stakeholder platforms for environmental and social safeguards, green investment and climate change issues.

喀麦隆、刚果（金）、乌干达、莫桑比克 Cameroon, Congo (DRC), Uganda, Mozambique

- 开展记者培训和交流活动，提高媒体对于中非木材贸易相关话题的关注度和了解。
- 调研中非木材贸易相关的数据、政策法规及海关程序，开展双边对话交流，减少非法木材贸易。
- 研究非洲当地投资项目土地使用情况对森林的影响。
- 研究中非双边投资协议的有效性并提供政策建议。
- 共同建立并参与一年一度的中非森林管理学习平台。
- Conduct journalist trainings and exchanges to increase media capacity for covering China-Africa timber issues;
- Research export and import laws and customs practices related to China-Africa timber trade, as well as foster bilateral exchanges to curb illegal timber trade;
- Study impacts of land-use investments on the forests;
- Research China-Africa bilateral investment treaties;
- Establish and participate in annual China-Africa Forest Governance Learning Platform.



Recognizing China's emerging international presence, the Global Environmental Institute (GEI) was founded in 2004 with the aim of securing sustainable development within the country's borders and abroad. Based in Beijing, we work alongside key policymakers, businesses, scientists, civil society leaders and local communities to foster dialogue and innovative solutions to protect the environment and enhance economic opportunity in China, Southeast Asia and Africa.

Prioritizing conservation, our work has three main impacts: *lead policy change, facilitate high-level cooperation and empower community development.*

As China's influence continues to expand, communities develop and the environment demands protection, we look forward to solving the challenges that lie ahead.

Methodology: *How we advocate for change*

1. Relationships: We develop extensive and nuanced relationships with diverse stakeholders, including the Chinese government, international governments, enterprises, researchers, scholars, NGOs and local people.

2. Discussion: Using our research and network, we work with partners to bring respective parties into conversation – whether closed door, bilateral, multilateral, etc.

3. Pilot: From these conversations, we work with respective parties to craft Memorandums of Understanding (MOUs) or similar agreements that set a foundation for future cooperation.

4. Recommendation: GEI takes advantage of opportunities and invitations to submit our research to the Chinese government and international bodies, to inform decision makers.

Impact: *When and where GEI has changed policy*

Conservation: After translating and adapting the **Conservation Concession Agreement (CCA)** to China in 2005, we recommended it to the **National People's Congress in 2005** and it was included in the **2012 China's State Forestry Administration** forestry management protection policy report and submitted to the Central Politburo. We also joined the **Chinese National People's Congress** to offer criticism of the **Natural Heritage Protection Law in 2013**.

China-Myanmar Timber Governance: We facilitated a series of closed door and bilateral discussions on **cross-border timber governance cooperation from 2006 - present**. We published a **timber trade report** and facilitated **closing loopholes in export and import laws** that enabled illegal timber trade to persist. A **ban was implemented on imports into China's Yunnan** province in 2015 and the illegal trade decreased significantly. Then, the Chinese and Burmese governments signed an **official MOU on Forestry Cooperation in 2017**.

Sustainable Overseas Investment: Published first overseas forestry guideline with **China State Forestry Administration in 2006** and submitted "**Guidelines on Environmental Conduct for Overseas Chinese Enterprises**" to relevant Chinese government ministries in **2012**.

Low Carbon Development: Completed the **US-China Ecopartnership Program** with US-based Center for Climate Strategies and work with **Chinese Academy of Sciences** and **Tianjin Academy of Governance** to promote better low-carbon policy making in China. We have trained over **1,000 Chinese policy experts and government officials in 17 Chinese municipalities, provinces and cities** to make science-based low-carbon policies that also achieve economic targets. Our work in Chongqing received praise from **Chongqing Development and Reform Commission in 2014**.

Contact information: Ji Lin, GEI Executive Secretary, linji@geichina.org; Kendall Bitonte, External Relations Coordinator, kendall@geichina.org